## 2019 JUN -3 AM 9: 04

**2018 CERTIFICATION** 

	Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)
	Kossuth Water Association, Cline.
W	Public Water System Name
_	0020001,0020008
	List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR
mus	Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distributed by the CCR to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR to be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon est. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)
	☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)
	☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)
	☐ Other
	Date(s) customers were informed: / /2019 / /2019 / /2019
	CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used_
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/
	CCR was distributed by Email ( <i>Email MSDH a copy</i> )  Date Emailed: / /2019
	□ As a URL (Provide Direct URL)
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CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

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2019 MAY 13 AM 8: 00

## 2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Kossuth Water PWS#: 0020007 & 0020008 May 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Coffee Sand Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Kossuth Water have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Aaron C. Henry at 662.287.4310. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meeting scheduled for Monday, June 17, 2019 at 6:00 PM at the water office.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity, microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

				TEST RESU	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactive	Contamin	ants						
5. Gross Alpha	N	2013*	1	.6 - 1	pCi/L	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits

Inorganic C	ontam	inants											
10. Barium  13. Chromium	N	2018		234	.21622234		ppm		2		d	pischarge of drilling wastes; ischarge from metal refineries; rosion of natural deposits	
14. Copper	N	2018	1.5	3	1.8 – 1.9		ppb		100	,	100 D	ischarge from steel and pulp nills; erosion of natural deposits	
16. Fluoride	N N	2018			0		ppm		1.3	AL=	1.3 C sy de	orrosion of household plumbing ystems; erosion of natural eposits; leaching from wood reservatives	
17. Lead	IN N		.10	 	No Range		ppm		4 4		te	rosion of natural deposits; water dditive which promotes strong eth; discharge from fertilizer and uminum factories	
Disinfection		2015/1	/"   1		0		ppb		0	AL=15		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	
B1. HAA5	N	2017*	10	- 1.									
32. TTHM			2	N	o Range	ppb		0		60	By-Pro	oduct of drinking water	
Total rihalomethanes]	N	2017*	1.05	N	o Range	ppb		0		80		oduct of drinking water	
Chlorine	N	2018	1.2	1-	1.5	mg/l		0	MDRI	L = 4	Water	additive used to control	

PWS ID#				TEST RESU				
	Violation Y/N	Collecte	Level d Detecte	Range of Detects o # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
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<ol><li>Gross Alpha</li></ol>	N	2013*	4	No Range	pCi/L	0	1	E Crosian of and a di
Inorganic C	Contamina	ants			1 1000	0	I	5 Erosion of natural deposits
10. Barium	N	2017*	.1298	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes;     discharge from metal refineries;
13. Chromium  14. Copper	N	2017*	.8	No Range	ppb	100	100	erosion of natural deposits  Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	.6	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	B Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
77. Leau	IN .	2015/17*	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	
Volatile O	N	2018	.0008	No Range	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
1. HAA5								
			,	lo Range ppb	ppb 0		60 B	y-Product of drinking water sinfection.
2. TTHM	N 2	2017* 2	2.53 N	lo Range ppb		0	80 B	y-product of drinking water
Total rihalomethanes]							1	

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2018.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Kossuth Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, COUNTY OF ALCORN

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14. Серрег

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											teeth discharge from fertilizer and aluminum fectories			
7. Lead		2015/1	7. 1				ррЬ			-15	Conesion of household pEumbing systems, crosion of natural de oxis			
Disinfection B	-Prod	ucts								- 2				
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As you can see by the table, but twitten had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected indivewer the EPA has determined that your water is SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your contains water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicated of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components especiated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of metaricis used in plumbing components. When your water has been a line for several hours, you can infinite the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water feeted, information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotlins or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health first. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environment of a Protection Agencys Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1,800,426,4791.

Some people may be more vehicrable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. some people may be more vehicle by contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immune-compromised people to the sepersons with cancer undergoing characteristics, some elderly, and undergone organ transplants, pands with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly and from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. In A/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosportidium and other particularly abiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water By the 180 426 4719. Hotline 1.800.426.4787.

The Kossuth Water Association visities around the clock to provide top quality water to every tep. We ask that all our customers help us proved our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children't future